



GTZ's Planning and Management Framework (1998-2009)

Lecture

at Academy of Management under the President of the Kyrgyz Republic

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Contents:

Project Cycle Management

- the derivative of GOPP,
- the de-standardization of PCM

The move towards impact orientation

- it's roots and development,
- GTZ's impact Model,
- impact chains





Contents II:

- Capacity WORKS: Management Model for Sustainable Development
 - development of the CW model
 - the model, consultancy principles, tool box
 - C's further development and latest evolution





The Logical Framework Approach

Analysis Phase

- Stakeholder analysis identifying & characterising potential major stakeholders; assessing their capacity
- Problem analysis identifying key problems, constraints & opportunities; determining cause & effect relationships
- Objective analysis developing solutions from the identified problems; identifying means-to-ends relationships
- Strategy analysis identifying different strategies to achieve solutions; selecting most appropriate strategy

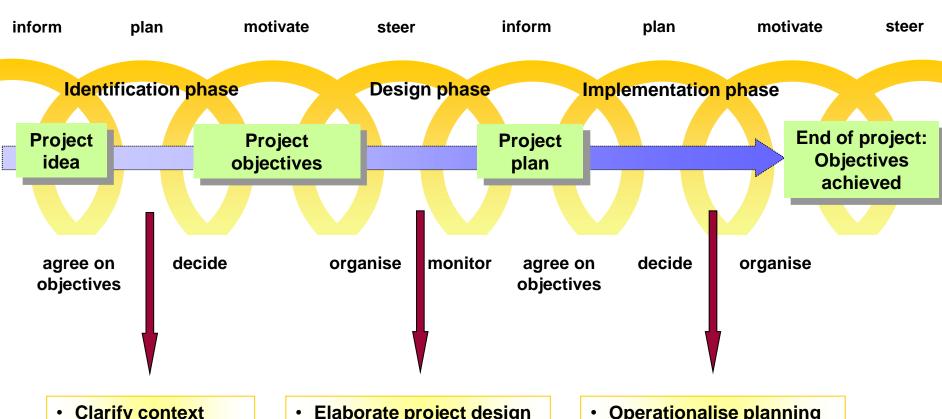
Planning Phase

- Developing Logical Framework
 Matrix defining project structure,
 testing its internal logic & risks,
 formulating measurable indicators of success
- Activity scheduling determining the sequence and dependency of activities; estimating their duration, and assigning responsibility
- Resource scheduling developing input schedules and a budget from activity schedule





Project Cycle Model



- **Clarify context**
- Define system of objectives
- Elaborate project design
- Decide on project implementation

- Operationalise planning
- Implement, adjust and update planning
- Finalise project





The period after GOPP:

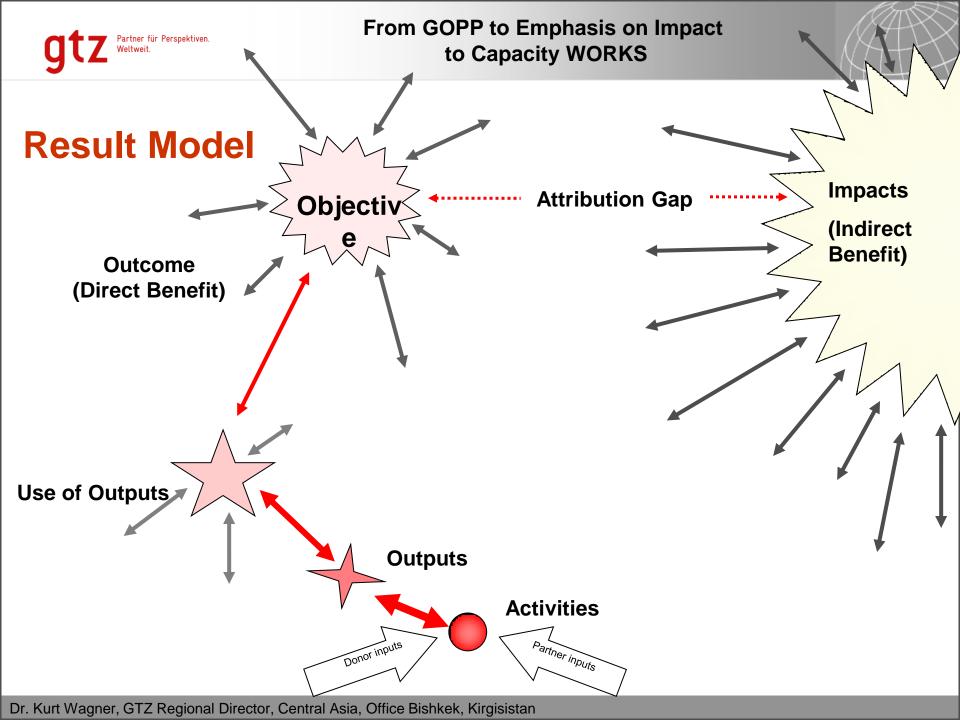
Emphasis on Impact Contract and Cooperation Management





Why emphasise impact?

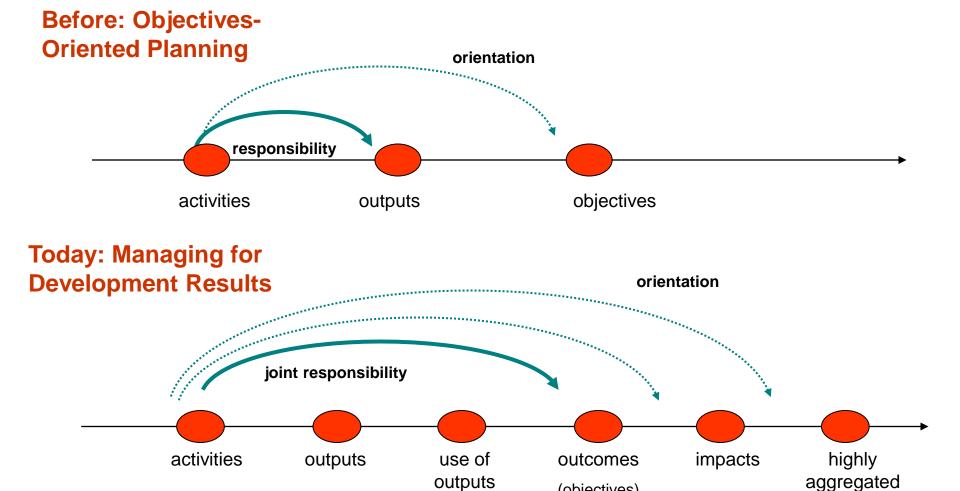
- Broad international debate on gearing project implementation to outcomes instead of inputs and outputs.
- Doubts about the effectiveness of bilateral development cooperation.
- Unclear separation of BMZ and GTZ competencies and responsibilities
- BMZ criticism of GTZ's monitoring and reporting procedures
- BMZ criticism of GTZ's evaluation system
- Lack of flexibility for GTZ at implementation level
- To enhance quality of offers and project implementation







impacts (MDGs)

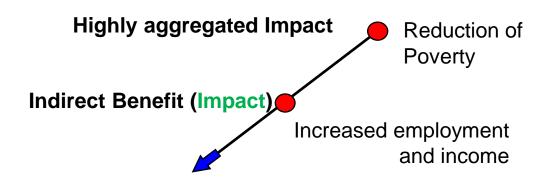


(objectives)

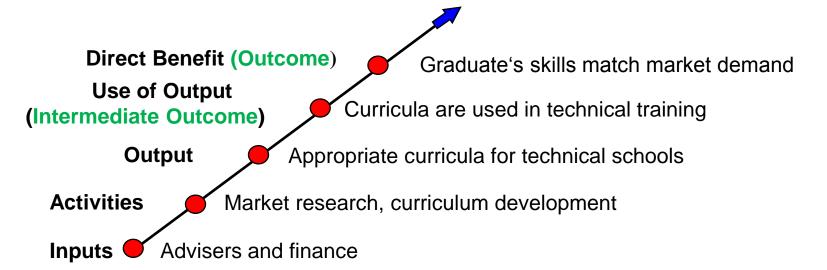




Results chain Technical Training



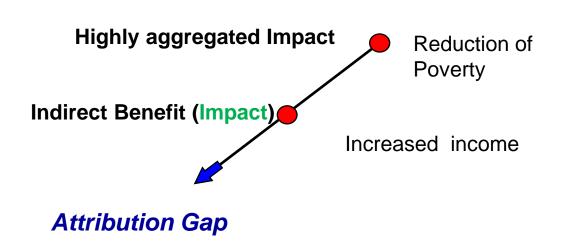
Attribution Gap











Direct Benefit (Outcome)

Use of Output
(Intermediate Outcome)

Appropriate credit services and packages are available

Activities

Training and advisory services to agricultural banks
Inputs

Advisers, finance





Changes achieved through AURA – The results-oriented commissioning framework for contracts and cooperation between BMZ and GTZ

- Planning, implementation, monitoring, evaluation and reporting are geared towards development results.
- Implementation is made significantly more flexible: the contract specifies budget, desired outcomes (project objective) and impact, but neither activities nor outputs.
- Clearer separation of BMZ and GTZ competencies
- GTZ assumes responsibility for achieving objectives along with the partner.





Capacity WORKS

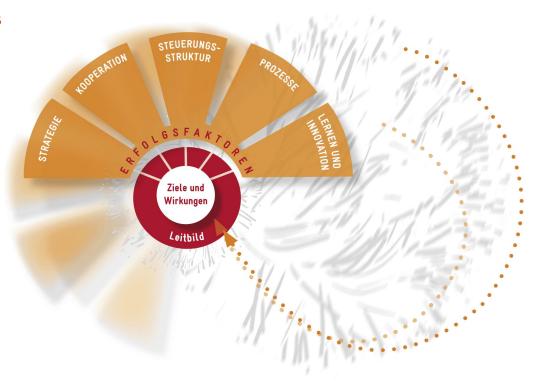
The GTZ Management Model for Sustainable Development





What is the management model Capacity WORKS?

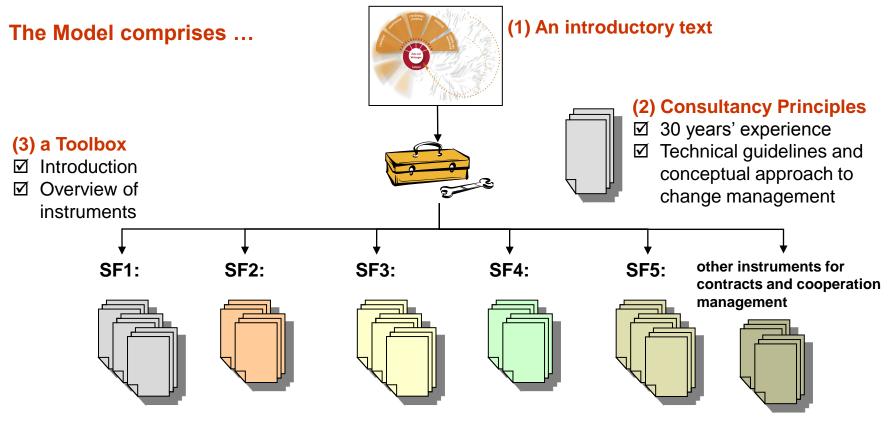
- Supports the management of projects and helps to explain how GTZ works.
- It fits into Contracts and Cooperation Management on the level of 'how'.
- Objectives and results form the hub.
- The process is broken down into 5 Success Factors that have to be iteratively considered, designed, monitored and honed.
- Key questions shape analysis and action in each success factor.
- It provides a structured framework to broaden the scope of options available. It doesn't offer ready made solutions.







An Overview of Capacity WORKS



... with instruments

- **→** approx. 40
- → complete descriptions
- → arranged according to success factor





Capacity WORKS focuses on objectives and results

- Objective and results are the focal point of the Model and permeate through all success factors and processes.
- The Capacity WORKS process returns consistently to the objectives and results in order to check their validity, to reaffirm their link to the success factors or even in some cases to modify them.





Capacity WORKS - a structured negotiation process

- Projects are cooperation systems which consist of many partners.
 They are based on political negotiation processes and act within a political context.
- The success factors facilitate the analysis of these negotiation processes.
- The Instruments offer practical assistance to the management and design of such processes.
- The concept of sustainable development implies that the negotiation process is value-oriented, process-oriented and holistic.
- The management model Capacity WORKS is intended in this sense.





Key Themes in the Success Factors

Strategy: strategic positioning, options, mental barriers, consultancy strategies for Capacity Development

Cooperation: with internal partners:

the cooperation system ('skin'), form and content of cooperation, roles and responsibilities, networks

with **external** partners:

formation of partnerships, shaping exchange relationships, establishing comparative advantages, negotiating

Steering structure: the steering/management model for the project, decisions, communication and responsibility in management, key topics and management ratios

Processes:

processes in the project (internal: process improvement, interface management). Design and composition of change management processes and projects together with the partner

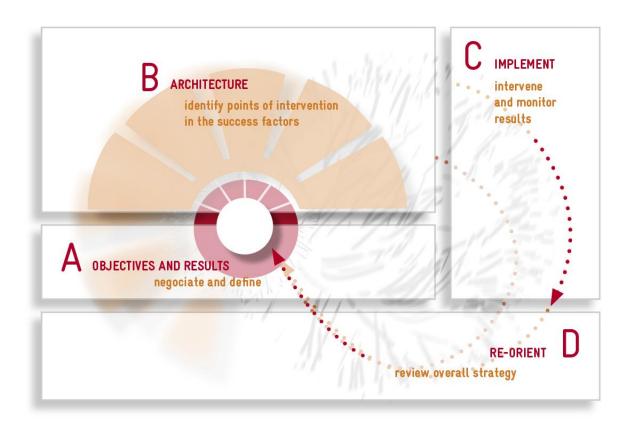
Learning and Innovation:

design of mainstreaming and up-scaling processes – selection of processes and how they should be managed. Innovation and learning architecture





The Capacity WORKS process



- a recurring and iterative cycle
- open
- synoptic, holistic and interdependent view of the success factors
- Goal: a coherent architecture of consultancy interventions in all success factors that ensures maximum leverage in pursuit of the project's goals





The Nature of Capacity WORKS

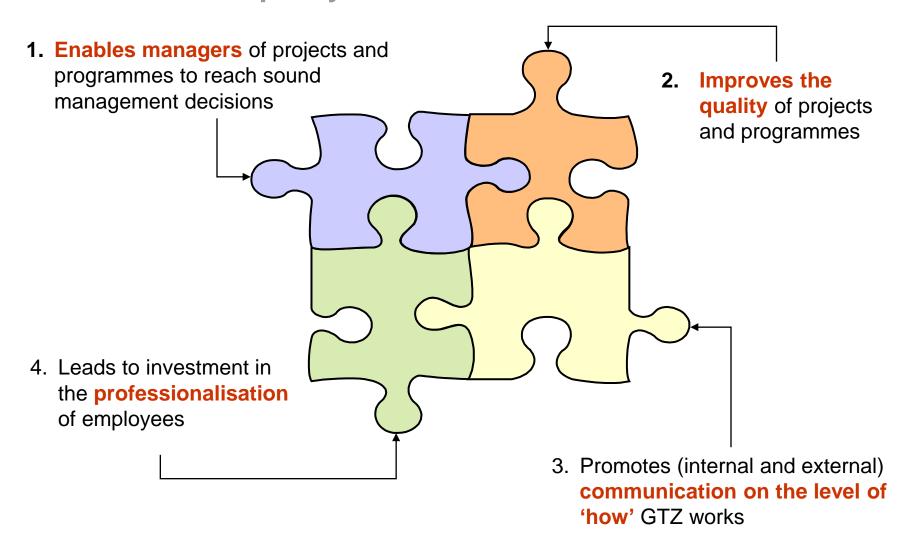
- Capacity WORKS picks up on existing management issues. It improves the quality of the project's work, and ensures that more can be achieved with the same effort.
- Capacity WORKS does not relieve the manager of the burden of thinking, designing or implementing. It offers no instant solutions or offthe-peg products.
- The advantage in consistently applying the success factors in a project is twofold. It offers improved transparency and enables the project manager to communicate openly and coherently about the questions inherent in the success factors.

- Capacity WORKS makes good practice easier to identify, describe and communicate. Learning on this basis becomes easier and more accessible – even between regions and sectors.
- The model offers an approach to management that is structured and flexible, enabling the individual needs in different sectors and regions to be taken into account.





The Benefit of Capacity WORKS





Capacity WORKS - Why? (1)

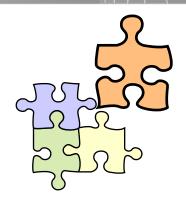
- 1. Enables managers of projects and programmes to reach sound management decisions.
- through a structured model consisting of proven success factors based on experience which allow the project manager to evaluate the project or programme with 5 "spotlights"
- through well-documented tools to provide support to the project manager in obtaining and assessing relevant information within the success factors and in arriving at better decisions.
- through relevant key questions these provide guidance in consistently focusing on results, incorporating external factors and revising the general orientation of the project or programme.
- through practical assistance for the design and content of negotiation processes with partners – the success factors give direction to the relevant topics, the tools provide ideas for appropriate settings.
- through its specified approach instead of many "home-made" approaches to theories, tools, etc.



Capacity WORKS – Why? (2)

2. Improves the quality of projects and programmes

by consistently linking all interventions (activities and outcomes) and respective interdependencies to the intended results.



3. Promotes communication on the level of 'how' GTZ works in terms of

- internal communication:
 - in management processes and in teams
 - with partners
 - in knowledge management systems
 - trans-sectoral

external communication:

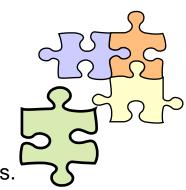
- with the public
- with other donors
- in development/ international cooperation forums





Capacity WORKS – Why? (3)

- 4. With the pilot phase, the company is investing in the professionalisation of its employees.
- It is about developing, spreading and differentiating a specific kind of management know-how for the design of GTZ projects and programmes.
- It is about providing on-the-job support for employees and promoting professionalism. How to deal with constantly changing requirements and complex situations is addressed with know-how forming the basis of the success factors.







The Launch of Capacity WORKS

- At the end of 2006 the Committee of Executives adopted Capacity WORKS as the GTZ Management Model for Sustainable Development and launched its pilot phase.
- 2007: 67 projects and programmes worldwide were involved in the pilot phase, which was designed as a learning process. The feedback from all pilot projects and programmes is evaluated and forms the basis of the further development of Capacity WORKS.
- 2008: The pilot phase continues, feedback is incorporated into the Model
- The up-scaling process of Capacity WORKS from 2009 onwards embraces
 - the establishment of regional centres of excellence
 - the adjustment of GTZ standard procedures according to the Capacity WORKS logics (e.g. Project Progress Review, Preparatory Mission, etc.)
 - The redesign of the GTZ Contract and Cooperation Management course





Shared Responsibilities

The Consultancy Team MODeLS (Management and Organizational Development in Living Systems) and the Organisational Development Section (Corporate Development Unit), share the responsibilities for the pilot process as follows:

Consultancy Team MODeLS:

- Consultancy and training (for external consultants, officers responsible for contracts and cooperation, project managers)
- Initiating the required feedback mechanisms
- Placement of Capacity WORKS consultants

Organisational Development Section, Corporate Development Unit

- Structuring, processing and consolidation of feedback
- Further development of tools and model, based on feedback
- Integration of Capacity WORKS into relevant GTZ procedures and instruments (EFQM, Contract and Cooperation Management, Project Progress Review, e-Val, etc.)





Thank you